

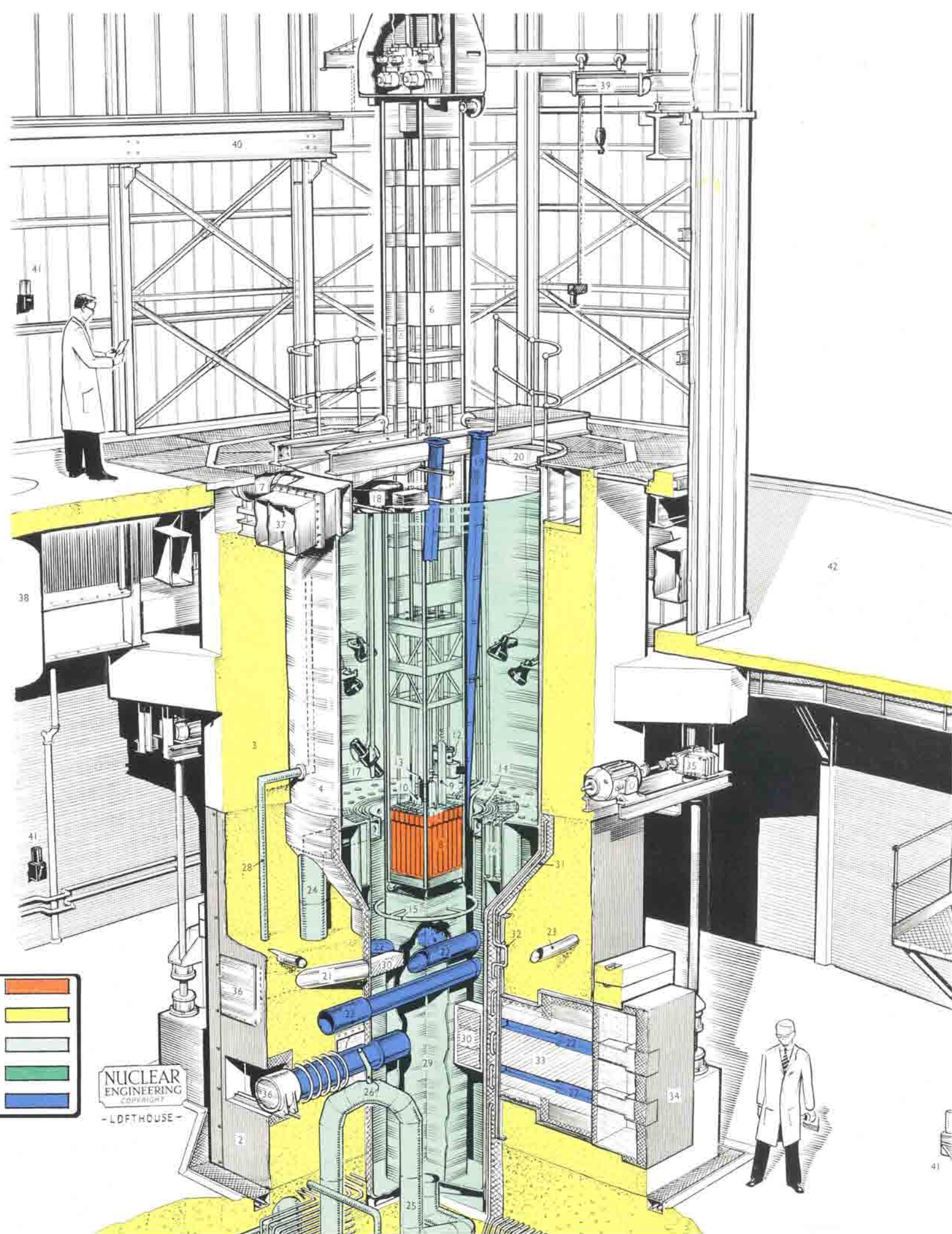
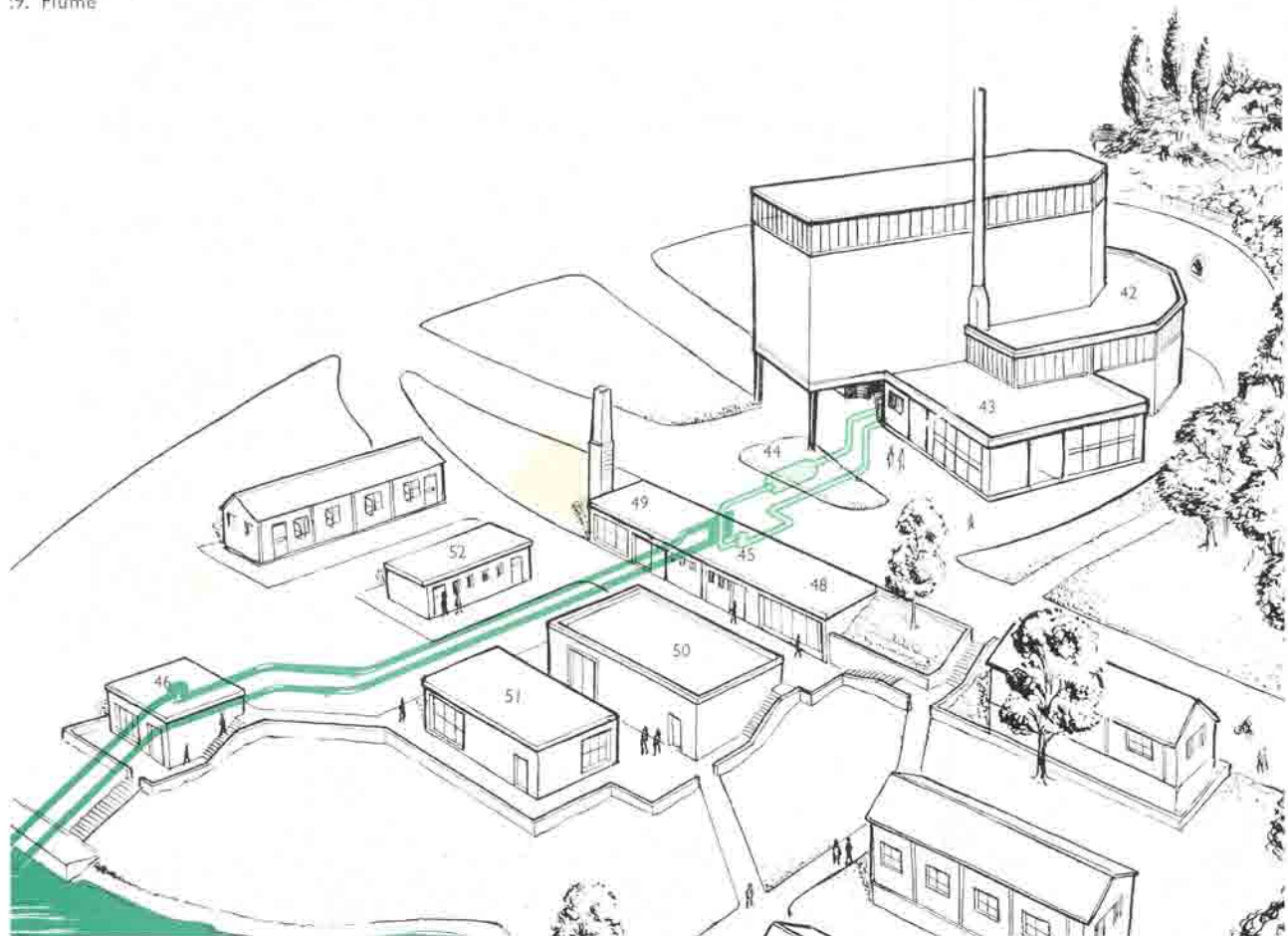
The World's Reactors

No. 17 MERLIN

KEY

- 1. Experimental area
- 2. Steel outer casing
- 3. Biological shield
- 4. Reactor tank
- 5. Control-rod motors
- 6. Core structure
- 7. Core hoist winch
- 8. Core in loading position
- 9. Fine control rod
- 0. Coarse control rod
- 1. Shut-down rods
- 2. Ionization chamber
- 3. Fission chamber
- 4. Core spray
- 5. Feed to fission product detector
- 6. Fuel element storage compartments
- 7. Underwater television camera
- 8. T.V. camera manipulator
- 9. Chemical tubes
- 0. Perspex cover
- 1. Ion tube
- 2. Experimental facilities
- 3. Air suction ring main
- 4. Feed water inlet pipe
- 5. Feed water outlet pipe
- 6. Anti-syphon tube to top of tank
- 7. Cooling water pipes
- 8. Overflow pipe
- 9. Flume

- 30. Graphite nose pieces
- 31. Thermal shield
- 32. Thermal shield cooling pipes
- 33. Thermal column
- 34. Thermal column door
- 35. Door-raising mechanism
- 36. Removable covers
- 37. Air extract duct
- 38. Wash-down tank for upper floor
- 39. Fuel element handling hoist
- 40. Travelling crane track
- 41. Health monitor
- 42. Reactor building
- 43. Control room
- 44. Delay tank
- 45. Primary pump house
- 46. Secondary pump house
- 47. Lake
- 48. Make-up plant house
- 49. Boiler house
- 50. Sub-critical facility and fuel element store
- 51. Effluent treatment plant
- 52. Change room



CORE	
CONCRETE	
PRIMARY WATER	
SECONDARY WATER	
EXPERIMENTAL FACILITIES	

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TYPE:	Pool, with four-position core.
PURPOSE:	Research, testing, education and training.
LOCATION:	Aldermaston, England.
OWNER:	A.E.I., Ltd.
CONSTRUCTION:	A.E.I.—John Thompson Nuclear Energy Co., Ltd.
RATING:	5 MW maximum.
FUEL:	Uranium, 93% U^{235} (initial charge), future charges, lower enrichment. 20/80 (wt.) U—Al alloy, Al clad. Minimum critical investment: 2.67 kg U^{235} . Normal investment: 3.5 kg U^{235} .
ELEMENTS:	MTR type: 14 plates per box. Critical loading: 20 elements minimum. Active length 23.6 in. Box dimensions: $2\frac{7}{8}$ in. \times $2\frac{7}{8}$ in.
LATTICE:	Up to 49 elements in square array. 3-in. pitch, $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. gap between rows for control and safety elements.
MODERATOR:	Light water. Reflector: light water or beryllia.
REACTIVITY:	Maximum: 5.5% δk excess.
FLUX:	At core centre, water reflected, 5 MW power: Epithermal neutron, 2×10^{14} n/cm ² , sec. Thermal neutron, 5×10^{13} n/cm ² , sec. γ , 4×10^8 r/h.
PRIMING:	Sb—Be source on each element.
CONTROL:	S.S. sheathed Cd, cruciform shape; Two safety units: -5.5% δk each, Coarse unit: -5.5% δk . S.S. strip, $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. \times $\frac{1}{8}$ in.; Fine unit: -0.5% δk .
DRIVE:	Coarse: constant-speed motor, in and out, gravity, spring-assisted in event of trip. Fine: variable-speed motor, in and out. Coarse travel time: 25 min to full out. Min. fine travel time: 25 sec to full out.
COOLANT:	Light water. Primary flow: two 800-gal/min electric pumps, one diesel-driven pump; max. total flow: 1,900 gal/min. Delay tank: 100 sec. Max. temp.: 45°C. Primary purification bleed: 1,000 gal/h filtered, 150 gal/h ion exchange. Secondary flow: two 900-gal/min pumps.

MAIN TANK:	High-purity aluminium, $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. thick, sunk 2 ft 3 in. below floor level. Dimensions: 16 ft 3 in. \times 5 ft 6 in. dia. widening to: 13 ft 9 in. \times 11 ft 6 in. dia.
SHIELDING:	Lead thermal shield 4 in. thick encased in Al. Barytes concrete 3.5 g/cm ³ for first 15 ft, ordinary concrete above. Thickness: 6 ft $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. to 10 ft 9 in. above floor, 3 ft 6 in. to top.
FACILITIES:	Top position: fuel changing. Upper exptl.: see table. Lower exptl.: see table. Bottom position: storage.

Experimental Facilities

Type	Dimensions	Plane	Number	
			Upper	Lower
Thermal column	4 ft 6 in. \times 4 ft 6 in. \times 6 ft	Horizontal	2 (one removable)	0
Holes in thermal columns	4 in. \times 4 in. \times 6 ft	Horizontal	7	0
Hole in centre of core	3 in. \times 3 in. \times 24 in.	Vertical	1	1
Vacant lattice positions	3 in. \times 3 in. \times 24 in.	Vertical	50 max.	50 max.
Through-holes tangential to core	6 in. i.d.	Horizontal	0	2
Shelf	1 ft 6 in. \times 1 ft 6 in.	Horizontal	0	1
Holes stopped at lattice	12 in. i.d.	Horizontal	1	0
	6 in. i.d.	Horizontal	3	4
	3 in. \times 6 in.	Vertical	0	2
γ -radiation facilities	3 in. \times 3 in. \times 24 in.	2	20 max., in fuel storage bays	

Data sheets in this series already published in "Nuclear Engineering" are:

- No. 1. BEPO (April, 1956)
- No. 2. CP5 (May, 1956)
- No. 3. NRX (June, 1956)
- No. 4. DIMPLE (August, 1956)
- No. 5. ZEUS (September, 1956)
- No. 6. CALDER HALL (October and December, 1956)
- No. 7. RUSSIAN 5 MW (November, 1956)
- No. 8. DIDO (January, 1957)
- No. 9. THE SOUTH OF SCOTLAND ELECTRICITY BOARD STATION (February, 1957)
- No. 10. BERKELEY POWER STATION (March, 1957)
- No. 11. BRADWELL POWER STATION (April, 1957)
- No. 12. DOUNREAY FAST REACTOR (June, 1957)
- No. 13. EBWR (July, 1957)
- No. 14. RWE 1 (September, 1957)
- No. 15. LIDO (November, 1957)
- No. 16. PLUTO (April, 1958)